

STUDY AND TEST MATERIAL FOR THE

FA2 and FA4

ASSESSMENTS

(Fire Alarm On-Site and Business Representative)

September 16, 2020

This document contains sample questions to help participants study for the FA2 and FA4 assessments.

If you intend to use this booklet in the test, make sure it is bound in a binder or stapled. Loose papers are not allowed.

IMPORTANT: Material provided is not intended to endorse, represent quality, recommend a particular product, or single out any product. Material may be used to provide standardized content for test questions to ensure that participants know how to use data sheets and manufacturer materials to establish listing and installation limitations of these types of products. There is no implied or other relationship between CSA and the manufacturers or suppliers of information used. CSA is not liable for accuracy or content of material contained within these documents. Material in this booklet is for testing purposes only and is not to be used for installation of these systems / components. Check with suppliers for current and specific information to be used in actual design and installation conditions.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE ONLY MATERIALS ALLOWED IN AN EXAM COVERED BY THIS STUDY GUIDE

- CSA Study and Test Material for the FA2 and FA4 Assessments
- NFPA 70 National Electrical Code
- NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code
- International Building Code (IBC)
- Non-programmable calculator

Your exam may not require all these items, but these are the only items allowed during an exam covered by this study guide. Page 3 provides a list of what materials are required for each exam.

About the Assessments:

Assessment: FA2 – Fire Alarm On-Site Competent Person

Number of Questions: 77

Amount of Time for Test: 120 Minutes

Assessment: FA4 – Fire Alarm Business Representative

Number of Questions: 100 Amount of Time for Test: 180

Exam format: Open book (bring your own books); You are required to provide your own basic non-programmable calculator for voltage drop calculations. Scratch paper or an online split screen will be provided for calculations. Any books or exam documents brought into exam must be bound as no loose papers are allowed. Tabbed pages must use permanent tabs. We strongly recommend using handbooks (when available) such as the NFPA 72 handbook. These provide more detailed information to help understand the intent of code requirements with additional commentary, pictures, figures, etc. NFPA handbooks include all code language. IBC handbooks do NOT contain all the code language so if purchasing IBC Handbook you also need the IBC code. IBC handbooks are not recommended for CSA exams.

Passing Score: 80%

Cell Phones: Do not bring cell phones, pagers, or radios into the test center/room.

Codes / Materials Used for Exam and Editions:

- 2019 NFPA 72
- 2008 2020 NFPA 70 (NEC) These editions have been verified for same exam content so any of these editions will work for CSA exams.
- There will be a few questions related to Occupational Safety and Health Act related to Lock-out Tag-out, fall protection, hard hats, and other safety gear.
- FA4 Assessment includes 2015 / 2019 International Building Code (either edition of Building Code will work)
- FA4 Assessment may include questions related to NFPA 20 for Fire Pump Monitoring

General Assessment Information:

About the Questions: Questions are randomly selected from respective topics within a larger database. Answer choices are randomly mixed.

Exam Format: Questions are computer based and will be delivered one at a time. You will have the opportunity to go back and review all questions. You can also "check" a box within each question which will flag it for later review. During the review, checked questions will be marked for easier identification.

Time Clock: Most assessments will have a count-down timer displayed on the screen. It may appear as if this timer is fluctuating between questions (gaining time on one question and loosing time on the next question). This is normal. Do not steadily watch the clock, but rather use it as a general guide. Long pauses between questions may result in time jump as the computers verify that you are still testing and did not lose the Internet connection.

Important Candidate Information

YOUR SCORE & PRINTING SCORE REPORTS

All scores provided at the end of your exam and in your score email are "preliminary". Exams are subject to review of audio / video recordings, or concerns raised by proctors.

Your preliminary score will be automatically emailed following the exam. Candidates may also log into their Webassessor account to view/print score reports. Use the link and info in your scheduling emails.

Score reports for failed exams will provide a breakdown of scores by topics/subjects within the exam. Your overall score determines Pass/Fail. However, the topic scores help to identify areas that need more attention when studying. Topic scores will not be provided on Pass emails.

Taking Materials Into Exams

CSA exams are open book. You must provide your own books and required exam materials, including calculators. Check this guide to verify what editions exams are based on. All material must be bound (no loose papers). Other than items listed on Page 2 of this guide, do not take other items into the exam.

Page tabs must be of permanent type. <u>Do not mark in any materials during an exam.</u>

Phones, radios, pagers are not allowed in exam rooms, please leave these in your vehicles.

Two forms of ID are required for exams.

Photographs

Your photo is required to be submitted to CSA with your initial registration request. This photo may be used by proctors to verify who is scheduled for the exam. Although not required, you may want to wear a company shirt/logo for your picture. Pictures are cropped to best fit ID card, so there is no guarantee the logo will show. You will be recorded and a photo may be taken during exam sessions.

Respectful of Others

At a proctoring center, please be respectful of others taking exams by minimizing noise and interruptions. If you have any exam or computer problems please notify the proctor so they can assist. If necessary, the proctor can log a report for further investigation. Then notify CSA so we can look into the problem.

If taking an Online proctored exam, please make sure others know to not interrupt. Your exam may be terminated and require new payments for interruptions or suspicious behavior.

Proctoring Options

You have two options for proctoring. Online proctoring where you use your computer and USB webcam to take the exam with a proctor watching you via camera, or at a physical proctoring center.

See website for info.

How to Request Your First Exam / Assessment

First, download study material and get the required codes/standards needed for your exam.

Then, review our website to understand the options for proctoring, and decide which option works best

You are required to pay for your assessment and submit a picture at the time of submitting the request. Have payment and a photo file ready.

for you.

To start the process, you must "Request an Assessment" from www.CSAexams.com. Within 1-3 days you should receive an email with information to schedule your exam. Make sure you are requesting and paying for the correct exam as there are no refunds.

Cancel or Rescheduling an Exam

To cancel or reschedule an exam you must log back into the system where you scheduled the exam, or using links at www.CSAexams.com under Contractor Info. Online Proctored exams require 24 hrs and Proctoring Centers require 72 hrs notice. If the system will not give you the option to Cancel/Reschedule than you must show up or firefight your fees. There are no refunds.

If You Fail an Exam

If you fail an exam, you must Request a new Assessment and make full payment from www.CSAexams.com. Within 1-3 days you will get an email to schedule your exam.

When you Pass an Exam

ID cards and certificates will generally be mailed out within three weeks. They will be mailed to the address provided when requesting the assessment. If the address has changed, please email CSA with new address.

If You Need a New ID Card

To change the company name, change your last name, or if you have lost your card, go to www.CSAexams.com and select Replacement ID link. Exams are good for 3 years. Then a new exam is required for renewal.

Please report cheating to the proctor or CSA.

The following questions are related to the FA2 <u>and</u> FA4 Assessments. Additional questions that are specific to only the FA4 assessment are later in this document.

- 1. Which wire size is largest in diameter?
- a) 12 AWG
- b) 18 AWG
- c) 14 AWG
- d) 24 AWG
- 2. Which wire size has the least resistance in Ohms?
- a) 12 AWG
- b) 18 AWG
- c) 14 AWG
- d) 24 AWG
- 3. Ohms law is defined by what equation?
- a) a2 + b2 = c2
- b) V=IR
- c) $1 \times w = a$
- d) r + i = v
- 4. A fire alarm circuit has five strobes with current values of 0.125A, 0.095A, 0.209A, 0.209A, 0.209A. What is the total current of these devices?

Answer: 0.125A + 0.095A + 0.209A + 0.209A + 0.209A = 0.847A

Now, let's use this information and calculate voltage drop for the circuit.

Using the information above, and a wire resistance of 3.07 ohm per 1,000 feet (0.00307 ohms per foot). The total distance between the panel to the last device is 500 ft. What is the voltage drop on the circuit?

We need to know and apply Ohms Law: V=IR, in our case V is V_{drop} or the Voltage drop. "I" is Current, "R" is Resistance.

Answer: First you must account for the wire resistance in the pair of wires (out to last device on black wire and back on red wire). Thus, the total distance of wire is 1,000 ft. Using ohms law you calculate the following: $V = 0.847A \times (1,000^{\circ} \times 0.003070hm/ft)$. This results in a voltage drop of 2.60 volts.

The standard format that NFPA 70 and manufacturers provide for wire resistance is ohms per 1,000 feet. If a question is provided with this format you will need to convert this to a resistance/foot. Example: Resistance is 3.07 ohms per 1,000 ft is converted by 3.07 ohms / 1000 ft = 0.00307 ohms/ft

If you were asked to find the end-of-line voltage you would apply the starting voltage - voltage drop = end-of-line voltage. Such as 24 - 2.6 = 21.4 volts at end-of-line.

You may find additional information about calculating voltage drops on the internet, or through on-line CSA training modules that discuss electronic principles.

5. Given a wire resistance value of R = 4.89 Ohms/1000ft from NEC Chapter 9, Table 8 and excluding temperature (16 AWG wire).

Class B circuit

The circuit was designed with a conduit length between panel and last device of 800 feet (red wire out to device).

Circuit has 8 - 110 cd strobes at 200ma each (I = 1.6 amp) [8×200 ma = 1600ma or 1.6A]. Nominal panel voltage of 24 vdc

What is the voltage drop in this circuit using lump-sum approach?

0.46 volts

12.5 volts (correct)

14.2 volts

1.96 volts

- 6. Which term defines a mandatory requirement of the code?
- a) should
- b) must
- c) AHJ
- d) shall
- 7. What section of the 2013 edition of NFPA 72 applies to Power Supplies for protected premises systems?
- a) 1.2
- b) 10.6
- c) 12.1
- d) 26.2.3
- 8. Several documents are required to be provided to an owner. Out of those listed, which form (document) is required to be completed and delivered to the owner upon completion of a mass notification system?
- a) Flush Test
- b) Invoice
- c) Maintenance contract
- d) Record of Completion
- 9. Visual notification appliances are required in all exam rooms within a doctor's office.

True

False

10. Notification zones shall be consistent with the emergency response or evacuation plan for the protected premises.

True

False

11. In accordance with NFPA 72, elevators are not allowed to be used for emergency egress during a fire.

True

False

12. Detection devices used for door hold-open release service is not required to be monitored for integrity if within 5' of the door.

True

False

The following are some additional topics that will be tested over. This is not all inclusive, but we want to make sure you have studied this material.

- Limitations to the number of addressable devices that can be impacted by a single fault.
- Strobe spacing and candela of the strobes for wall and ceiling mount.
- Power supplies, batteries, duration of secondary supply.
- Audibility levels including ambient, public mode, private mode.
- Pathway survivability Classes.
- Impacts of doubling the distance, and doubling the wattage of speakers and horns.
- Wire types, ratings, limitations.
- NEC sections including 110, 300, 760, and others.
- Detector spacing such as heat, smoke, duct detectors, flow switches, pull stations, room temperature sensors, etc.
- Mass notification, risk assessments, intelligibility, message priority, etc.
- Measuring velocity / pressure readings on duct detectors, how and what equipment
- Frequency of inspection, testing, and maintenance for various components
- ADA requirements for strobes in common use / public use areas

The following questions represent questions that may be found on the FA4 Assessment in addition to the types of questions included in the FA2 Assessment.

- 13. You have a motel with 160 guest rooms. In accordance with the IBC, how many sleeping units are required to have visible alarms?
- a) 4
- b) 7
- c) 9
- d) 14
- 14. You are replacing a fire alarm system and control panel in a Business occupancy that has an older audible alarm system with no visual notification. In accordance with the IBC, you would need to bring the system up to code since you are installing a new system.

True

False

15. In accordance with NFPA 72, you are not allowed to use an emergency voice evacuation system for non-emergency messages such as paging.

True

False

In addition to the above questions, there will be voltage drop calculation questions that are slightly more difficult than those used in the FA2 exam.

Questions from Chapter 10 of the IBC related to access controlled egress, delayed egress, related to interconnection to the fire alarm system and impacting egress of occupants. This is in addition to numerous questions from Section 907.